SYNTHESIS OF 2-ACETAMIDO-2-DEOXY-CA-D-GLYCOSYL PHOSPHATES VIA 2-METHYL-GLYCO[2',1':4,5]-2-OXAZOLINES

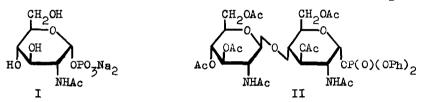
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Synthesis of 1,2-trans-2-acetamido-2-deoxyglycosides including oligo-saccharides via 2-methyl-glyco[2',1':4,5]-2-oxazolines had been shown to be characterized by its simplicity and efficiency. Recently Salo and Fletcher have reported the glycosylation of dibenzyl hydrogen phosphate (DBP) with 2-methyl-(3',4',6'-tri-0-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-\$\beta\$-D-mannopyrano)-[2',1':4,5]-2-oxazoline which gives rise to 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-\$\beta\$-D-mannopyranosyl phosphate. This synthesis however gave no possibility to conclude the stereochemical course of glycosylation of disubstituted phosphates with other glyco[2',1':4,5]-2-oxazolines.

We found that interaction of 2-methyl-(3',4',6'-tri-0-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-a-D-glucopyrano)[2',1':4,5]-2-oxazoline³ with slight excess of DBP in dry toluene at $20-25^{\circ}$ for 20 hr yielded a single product (tlc) from which the benzyl groups were removed by catalytic hydrogenolysis over Pd on carbon in methanol solution. Following de-0-acetylation with 0.1½ sodium methoxide (pH 10-11) and crystallization of the resulting solid from aqueous ethanol gave the chromatographically pure hygroscopic 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-a-D-glucopyranosyl disodium phosphate (I) in 49% yield; [a]_D +62° (c 1.54, water); anal. for $C_8H_{14}NO_9PNa_2\cdot H_20$. NMR spectrum (in D_20 , TMS as internal reference, 100 MHz) included signals at \$ 2.06 (singlet, 3 H, NAc), 3.88 (singlet, H-6), and 5.34 (quartet, H-1, $J_{1,2} = 2.7$ Hz, $J_{1,p} = 7.5$ Hz) (cf. 4).

The treatment of 2-methyl-[4'-0-(2'-acetamido-3',4',6'-tri-0-acetyl-2'-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranosyl)-3',6'-di-0-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-α-D-glucopyrano] [2',1':4,5]-2-oxazoline with diphenyl hydrogen phosphate in toluene-nitromethane (1:1) mixture for 24 hr at room temperature gives the crystalline tlc-pure 2-acetamido-4-0-(2-acetamido-3,4,6-tri-0-acetyl-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranosyl)-3,6-di-0-acetyl-2-deoxy-α-D-glucopyranosyl diphenyl phosphate (II) in 64% yield; m.p. 140-142° (dec.), [α]_D +55° (c



0.2, methanol), $[M]_D$ +477° (cf. $[M]_D$ +372° for α -chitobioside octaacetate te⁵ and $[M]_D$ -279° for methyl β -chitobioside heptaacetate⁶); $\lambda_{\max}^{\text{MeOH}}$ 264 nm; anal. for $C_{38}H_{47}N_2O_{19}P$.

It should be noted that formation of α -phosphates (I) and (II) is the first example of uncommon stereochemical course of glycosylation—with glyco-oxazolines. This phenomenon seems to be explained by S_N^1 mechanism of the glycosylation of hydrogen phosphates in which phosphate anions attack the intermediate cation in <u>cis</u>-position leading to the thermodynamically more stable α -anomers.

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